

**COMMITTEE:** GA2

**QUESTION OF:** Tibet Conflict

**SUBMITTED BY:** China

**CO-SUBMITTERS:** South Africa, Tibet, United States of America, Egypt

**Acknowledging** that the current situation in Tibet Autonomous Region (TAR) in many respects is not what the People's Republic of China's (PRC) administration considers as a desirable state of affairs,

**Being aware** of the fact that in the past the PRC's administration partially did not act with the required carefulness as we tried to help the TAR's economy to grow in order to improve the living standards for the Tibetans,

**Reminding that**

1. Tibet has never been an internationally accepted state but a Chinese protectorate before it was conquered by the British in 1903 and China restored traditional conditions when it liberated Tibet from foreign influence in 1950,
2. TAR is one of the least developed Chinese provinces in every respect of statistical evaluation: TAR brings up the rear in question of life expectation, alphabetisation, per capita income and tax revenue and our government does not intend to leave it at that, but invests a lot of money in TAR's development every year.

**Pointing out that**

1. in an independent Tibet people would soon suffer from starvation since the TAR's current economy is not able to support all its inhabitants,
2. we believe in a peaceful solution for this conflict since basically the interests of the PRC's administration and the Dalai Lama are, in our opinion, thoroughly reconcilable: Namely on the one hand a peaceful and prosperous TAR and on the other hand more freedom and autonomy for the TAR,

**Emphasizing** that a solution is found that accounts for the concerns of all involved parties,

1. **Urges** the Dalai Lama and his supporters to open dialogue with the Chinese government to develop a solution to the conflict without prejudicial opinions, which prevent a constructive discussion,
2. **Hopes** for the Dalai Lama to assist our government with developing the TAR in the future,
3. **Obligates** Tibet to abandon their claims for areas outside the current borders of the TAR,
4. **Obligates** China to remove troops from the TAR in order to ensure a peaceful solution of the conflict,
5. **Proposes** the UN to send observers to TAR in order to secure the implementation of the measures taken,
6. **Granting** Tibet freedom of expression and freedom of religion.

